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	Journal - Office of Legislative Counsel Friday - 31 July 1970	Page 2	25X1A	
25X1	6. Called contacting Senator H	Tarry Byrd's offic	to e on	
25X1A	the complaint concerning the awarding of a contract for light tables. I emphasized that while we would be reporting on our actions 1A managing agent for the procurement, we would be limiting our comments on suitability of the tables to our needs and not those of DIA's or others. found no problem with this approach, remarking that DIA had only a small part of the buy. In response to my question, he did not know if DIA had yet formally replied to Senator Byrd's referral of 10 July. will be 25X1A looking forward to receiving copies of the papers we will be using with Senator Byrd's office as he said that he knows General Bennett is interested.			
25X1	Robert Hull, Department of State, called in connection with the Agency's retirement legislation proposal which has been forwarded by the Office of Management and Budget to the Department for comment. Hull said that the Department's comments on the transfer of Government contributions proposal would be negative because they don't want it to serve as a precedent for the Foreign Service retirement system. We discussed the merits of their position which appeared to be primarily subjective. Mr. Les Bush, Director of Finance, was advised. See Memo for Record.			
25X1	8. George Murphy, Joint Committee of Energy Committee staff, called to say that:			
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057/44	b. Representative Catherine May ha and appreciative as a result of her lunch wit c. Murphy wants an autographed pic d. He wants a brief statement in lay	h the Director. ture of the Pirecto	i i	
25X1A	the significance of the recent Soviet FOBs to	est.		
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	cc: ( JOHN 1	M. MAURY	<b>V</b>	
25X1A		tive Counsel		
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	Mr. Goodwin, Mr. Houston CONTIDENTIAL			
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	Item 5 - D/Pers			
	Item 6 - NPIC, Logistics Item 7 - Finance			
	TIGHT I - ETHORICE			

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# Reds' Missile Subs Confirmed On Station Off United States

By ORR KELLY Star Staff Writer

The Soviet Union now has ballistic missile submarines patrolling off both United States coasts, the Joint Atomic Energy Committee said in a report released last night.

Although there have been persistent reports for some months that the Soviet Yankee Class submarines have been deployed near the United States, this was the first time a government panel has said specifically they are on station.

"In the case of ballistic missile submarines, the Soviets have assigned top priority to surpassing our U.S. Polaris fleet," the report said.

#### **Subs Given Priority**

"They are concentrating on building nuclear-powered submarines similar to our Polaris types at a rate which will equal our fleet of 41 by 1973 or 1974. A number of these submarines are completed and have begun operating at sea. We know they are patrolling in areas off the coast of the United States, presumably with each battery of 16 missiles targeted on our cities."

The committee report was released in connection with a transcript of the testimony of Vice Adm. Hyman G. Rickover on March 19 and 20. Rickover heads the nuclear propulsion program for the Navy and the Atomic Energy Commission.

Rickover said he was even more alarmed this year than he had been last year over the rate of Soviet submarine development compared to that of the United States.

The Soviets are now producing at least 12 nuclear-powered submarines a year and could produce 20 submarines a year with the current facilities and work force. Many more than this could be

produced on a round-the-clock schedule, he said.

By contrast, the United States is planning to build two or three new submarines a year.

By the end of this year — or even by now — the Soviet Union may be ahead of the United States in production of nuclear-powered submarines.

#### Nuclear Carrier Urged

The committee recommended a higher priority be given to the construction of U.S. submarines and urged construction of another nuclear-powered aircraft carrier.

Testimony before the committee, headed by Rep. Chet Holifield, D-Calif., also revealed that the Soviet Union recently made an effort to obtain one of the most advanced U.S. computers for use with its nuclear accelerator at Serpukhov.

Testimony indicated the Soviet Union asked American scientists to arrange for the computer to be sent to Russia in return for scientific information produced by the accelerator.

The joint committee blocked the transfer of the computer. Although the computer ap-

Although the computer apparently would have been used for scientific work, Rickover told the committee:

"Even if we furnished the Soviets a U.S. computer and could insure it was not used for defense purposes, having this powerful unit at Serpukhov would probably free other computers of Soviet design for weapons use."

#### Others in Use

The computers of the same class are in use at 17 other locations outside the United States, including Switzerland, France, England, West Germany, Canada, Sweden, Italy and Australia.

facilities and work force. The Soviet approach appar-Many more than this could be ently was made in the fall of 1969 when Dr. Wolfgang Panofsky, director of the linear accelerator laboratory at Stanford University, visited Russia.

Panofsky is on vacation and could not be reached for comment on the testimony. Besides their rapid production rate on submarines, Rickover noted that the Soviets apparently are developing a new long-range missile designed to be launched from a submarine.

Since the missile, known as the Sawfly, is too large to fit in a Yankee-class submarine, he expects the Soviets to develop a new class of submarines.

The United States now has in the early design phase a new submarine designed to carry a long-range missile. But if the decision is made to build the new submarine, it would not become available in significant numbers until more than a decade from now.

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	Accompanied the Director and Messrs.  Bruce Clarke and to a briefing of the House Armed Services CIA Subcommittee. (See Memorandum for the Record.)				
	5. Hand-carried to Representative Gerald Ford a copy of Mr. Houston's crassified memorandum of 10 July 1970 on the subject of the Douglas impeachment resolutions. I told him that the Director had absolutely no objection to his having the memorandum. Mr. Ford will return the memorandum to us when it has served his purpose.				
	6. Hand-carried to George Murphy, on the staff of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, copies of NIE 4-70 for the informatio of the Joint Committee and the Senate Preparedness Subcommittee.  I briefed Murphy on recent information concerning Communist 25X China's nuclear weapons program.				
Appropriations Committee, and briefed him on recent intelligence information. (See Memorandum for the Record for details.)  I talked with Woodruff about a report prepared by Members of Congress for Peace Through Law. He said he did not think this document had been prepared by any of Senator Fulbright's people, but said that a number of knowledgeable staff people have been collecting information on this on Capitol Hill for some time. He said he personally had been contacted by Samuel H. Mallicoat, Administrative Assistant to Senator Mark Hatfield (R., Ore.). Mallicoat is a retired Navy captain.					

Ed Braswell, on the staff of the Senate Armed

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After checking with the Director I advised Braswell that

would give the briefing.

Services Committee, called about 5:30 p.m. and asked if someone from the Agency could brief Senator Stennis and himself tomorrow morning at 10:30 on the situation in Cambodia including types of troops now there.

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